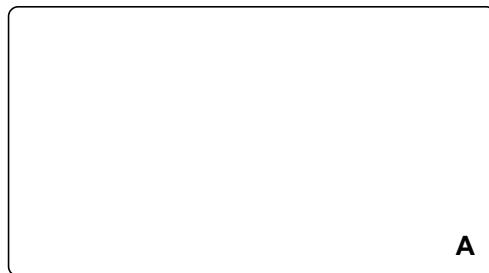
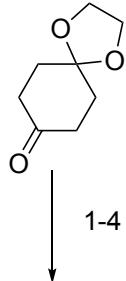


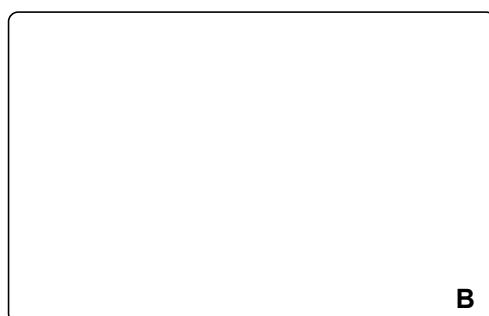
Total Synthesis of (+)-Hinckdentine A

K. Douki, H. Ono, T. Taniguchi, J. Shimokawa, M. Kitamura, T. Fukuyama

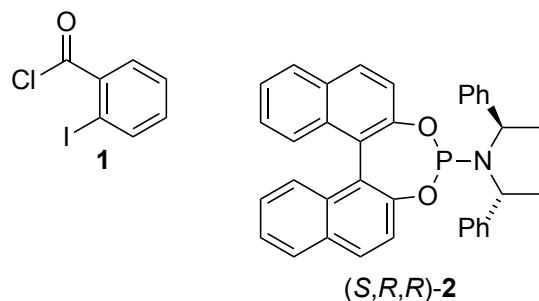
J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2016, 138, 14578–14581



5-8



- 1) PhNNH₂, EtOH, *then* HOCH₂CH₂OH, 210 °C
- 2) NaH, DMAP, **1**, DMF, 0 °C
- 3) *p*-TsOH•H₂O, CH₃CN, H₂O
- 4) Pd₂(dba)₃•CHCl₃, (*S,R,R*)-**2**, NaOAc, *t*-BuOH



- 5) LiHMDS, TMSCl, *then* NOCl
- 6) SOCl₂, *then* CF₃CH₂OH
- 7) H₂ Pd/C, EtOAc
- 8) H₂, Raney Ni, TFA, *t*-BuOH, *then* NaHCO₃

Step 4: Propose a mechanism. Name the class of ligand and who invented them. The *R* product is made.

Step 6: Name the reaction.

Step 7 Hint: The hydrogenation is highly selective and after washing with cold EtOH the product is isolated in >99:1 er.

9-11

- 9) NaBH_4 , MeOH, THF
10) TESCl, Pyridine, then TFAA
11) Jones reagent

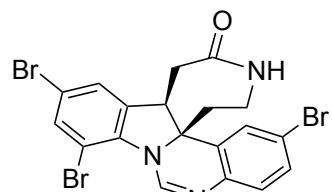
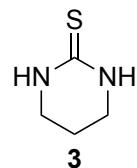
What is Jones reagent?

C

12-15

- 12) $\text{NH}_2\text{OH}\cdot\text{HCl}$, NaOAc
13) NCS, *then* 3, Et_3N
14) KSAc
15) Br_2 , CH_3NO_2 , *then* $\text{HC}(\text{OCH}_3)_3$, TFA

- 12) What is the name of the functional group formed?
13) Propose a mechanism for step 13. Hint: an isothiocyanate is formed.



(+)-Hinckdentine A