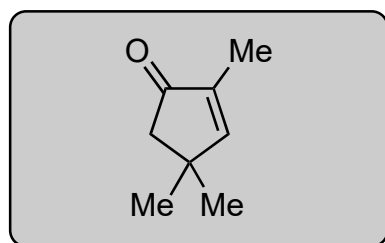
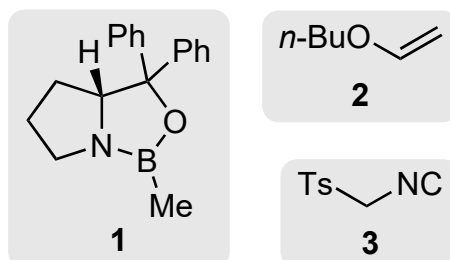
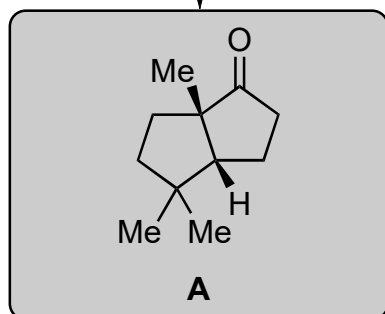


Total Synthesis of (–)-Conidiogenone B

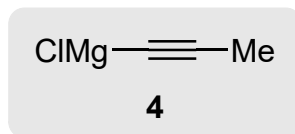
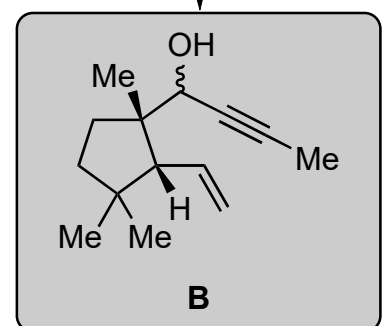
Bo Xu, Wen Xun, Shaobin Su, Hongbin Zhai
Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2020**, 59, 16475–16479.



- 1) **1**, catecholborane, toluene/THF
- 2) **2**, Hg(OAc)₂, Et₃N
- 3) **3**, *t*-BuOK, THF
- 4) PhSiH₃, Fe(acac)₃, HFIP/EtOH



- 5) TMSOTf, Et₃N, CH₂Cl₂; then MeReO₃, pyridine, H₂O₂, HOAc/MeCN
- 6) **4**, THF
- 7) Pb(OAc)₄, CH₂Cl₂; then CeCl₃, NaBH₄, MeOH
- 8) *n*-Bu₃P, *o*-NO₂C₆H₄SeCN; then H₂O₂



1) Name of reaction?
hint: the new stereocenter is (S)-configured
Corey–Bakshi–Shibata (CBS) reduction

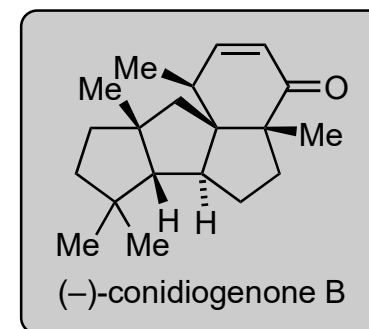
2) Name of reaction?
Claisen rearrangement

3) Name reagent and affiliated name reaction, and write out mechanism.
TosMIC, van Leusen reaction

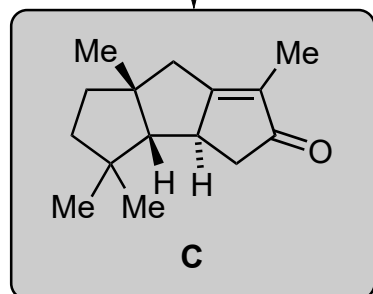
hint: Product exhibits a pronounced IR band at 2245 cm⁻¹ and features a total of three ¹³C NMR signals between 150–110 ppm

5) Name of reaction?
hint: Very special oxidation conditions. Textbook conditions would have employed m-CPBA.
Rubottom oxidation

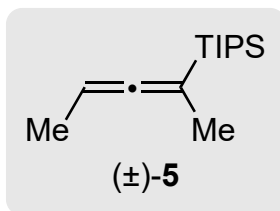
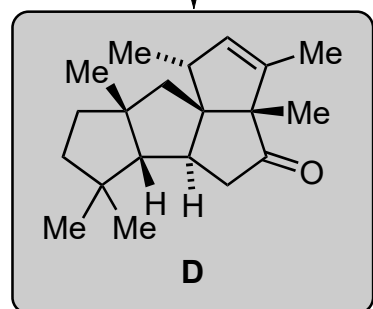
8) Name of reaction?
Grieco elimination



9) $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$, CH_2Cl_2 , TFA, $\text{BH}_3 \cdot \text{SMe}_2$; then NMO



10) **5**, TiCl_4 , CH_2Cl_2 ; then $\text{BF}_3 \cdot (\text{HOAc})_2$

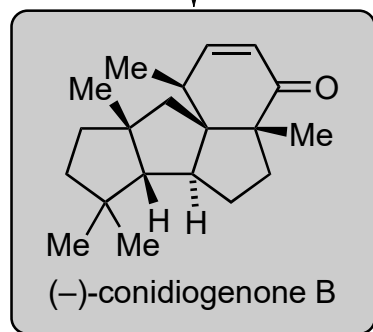


11) NaBH_4 , MeOH

12) NaH , CS_2 , MeI, THF

13) $n\text{-Bu}_3\text{SnH}$, AIBN, toluene

14) O_3 , CH_2Cl_2 ; then Me_2S ; then 3 M HCl, THF, reflux



9) *hint*: Two reactions are performed consecutively. Name both reactions.

*Nicholas reaction (reductive),
Pauson–Khand reaction*

Some data of the product:

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 211.2, 181.4, 130.8, 67.6, 52.8, 45.7, 42.9, 42.8, 40.9, 39.8, 39.6, 31.7, 29.3, 25.5, 8.2.

HRMS (ESI-TOF): calculated for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 219.1743, found 219.1743

10) Name of reaction?

Danheiser annulation

hint: (a) $\text{BF}_3 \cdot (\text{HOAc})_2$ is used for a subsequent desilylation.

(b) The tertiary stereocenter that is formed features the opposite configuration compared to the corresponding position in the natural product. This will be corrected later.

13) Name of reaction?

Barton deoxygenation

14) *hint*: (a) Classic ring expansion move.

(b) The configuration of the tertiary stereocenter that was formed in step 10 is inverted in this step. Suggest how.