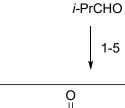
A Carbene Catalysis Strategy for the Synthesis Protoilludane Natural Products:

Total Synthesis of Armillaridin and Isovelleral

M. T. Hovey, D. T. Cohen, D. M. Walden, P. H.-Y. Cheong, K. A. Scheidt, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2017**, *56*, 9864-9867.



- 1) morpholine, p-TsOH
- 2) BrCH₂CHCH₂
- 3) NaH, 1
- 4) O₃; DMS
- 5) *i*-Pr₂NEt, LiCl, **2**
- 6) CuO, I₂
- 7) P(OEt)₃

- 8) DIBAL-H
- 9) MnO₂
- 10) 5 mol% **3**, *i*-Pr₂NEt
- 11) LiAl(O*t*-Bu)₃H
- 12) H₂, Pd/C
- 13) (CH₂O)_n, Ba(OH)₂
- 14) TsNBr₂, MeCN/H₂O

Which variant of the HWE reaction represents step 5? What is the role of LiCI?

Masamune–Roush-modified HWE reaction LiCl coordinates to the carbonyl groups of the ketophosphonate and makes the CH₂-group more acidic → weaker bases can be employed; ideal for base sensitive substrates

Step 7: Please name the reaction

Michaelis-Arbuzov reaction

Step 10: Please come up with a mechanism see below

Step 11: How do you prepare the reagent? What is the difference to LAH?

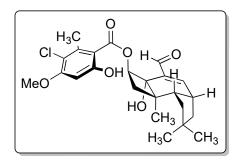
 $LiAlH_4 + 3 t-BuOH \rightarrow LiAl(Ot-Bu)_3H + H_2$

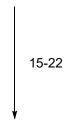
Compared to LAH this reagent is less reactive, sterically more hindered and stoichiometry can be better controlled.

Relative reactivity can be ranked as follows:

(J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1964, 86, 1079)

LiAlH₄ > LiAl(OMe)₃H > LiAl(Ot-Bu)₃H > NaBH₄





- 15) TBDPSCI, imH
- 16) Li₂CO₃, LiBr, DMF
- 17) LDA, 4
- 18) K₂CO₃, MeI
- 19) Pd₂(dba)₃, DPPE
- 20) OsO₄, NMO
- 21) NaIO₄
- 22) VCl₃, Zn, HMPA

- 23) DMS, NCS, NEt₃
- 24) NaHB(OAc)₃
- 25) EDCI, DMAP, **5**
- 26) TBAF
- 27) 4-NHAc-TEMPO, p-TsOH
- 28) DIAD, PPh₃, ArCOOH;
- 29) TBAF
- 30) 4-NHAc-TEMPO, p-TsOH

Step 19: Please name the reaction. What is DPPE? What could be the drawbacks of direct allylation?

Tsuji–Trost–Stoltz decarboxylative allylation Ph₂P PPh₂ PPh₂ DPPE = 1,2-Bis(diphenylphosphino)ethane Direct allylation might be plagued by O-alkylation (in this case also oxidation to the phenol).

Step 22: Please name the reaction. What is the active Vanadium species?

Pinacol reaction

28: Pinacol rearrangement

Step 27 and 30: What is the active species isovelleral in this reaction? What is the advantage of 4-NHAc-TEMPO over TEMPO?

The reaction is colorometric (yellow to colorless) and the hydroxyl ammonium salt is insoluble in CH_2Cl_2 and can be easily removed by filtration.

Step 10 mechanism