

Introduction

This file describes how “Information literacy” as a generic competence can be deconstructed into distinct learning outcomes in a university education setting.

It is one of 16 descriptions in LOUIS (Learning Outcomes in University for Impact on Society); LOUIS is part of the Aurora Competence Framework.

The descriptions are based on the VALUE Rubrics developed by the American Association of Colleges & Universities AAC&U.



Information literacy is the ability to know when there is a need for information, to be able to identify, locate, evaluate, and effectively and responsibly use and share that information for the problem at hand

Introduction

This file describes how “Civic engagement” as a generic competence can be deconstructed into distinct learning outcomes in a university education setting.

It is one of 16 descriptions in LOUIS (Learning Outcomes in University for Impact on Society); LOUIS is part of the Aurora Competence Framework.

The descriptions are based on the VALUE Rubrics developed by the American Association of Colleges & Universities AAC&U.



Information literacy components:

- Determine the Extent of Information Needed
- Access the Needed Information
- Evaluate Information and its Sources Critically
- Use Information Effectively to Accomplish a Specific Purpose
- Access and Use Information Ethically and Legally

Information literacy:

Determine the Extent of Information Needed

Has difficulty defining the scope of the research question or thesis. Has difficulty determining key concepts. Types of information (sources) selected do not relate to concepts or answer research question.



Defines the scope of the research question or thesis incompletely (parts are missing, remains too broad or too narrow, etc.). Can determine key concepts. Types of information (sources) selected partially relate to concepts or answer research question.



Defines the scope of the research question or thesis completely. Can determine key concepts. Types of information (sources) selected relate to concepts or answer research question.



Effectively defines the scope of the research question or thesis. Effectively determines key concepts. Types of information (sources) selected directly relate to concepts or answer research question.

Information literacy :

Access the Needed Information

Accesses information randomly, retrieves information that lacks relevance and quality.



Accesses information using simple search strategies, retrieves information from limited and similar sources.



Accesses information using variety of search strategies and some relevant information sources. Demonstrates ability to refine search.



Accesses information using effective, well-designed search strategies and most appropriate information sources.

Information literacy: Evaluate Information and its Sources Critically

Chooses a few information sources. Selects sources using limited criteria (such as relevance to the research question).



Chooses a variety of information sources. Selects sources using basic criteria (such as relevance to the research question and currency).



Chooses a variety of information sources appropriate to the scope and discipline of the research question. Selects sources using multiple criteria (such as relevance to the research question, currency, and authority).



Chooses variety of information sources appropriate to scope and discipline of the research question. Selects sources after considering the importance (to the researched topic) of the multiple criteria used (such as relevance to research question, currency, authority, audience, and bias or point of view).

Information literacy: Use Information Effectively to Accomplish a Specific Purpose

Communicates information from sources. The information is fragmented and/or used inappropriately (misquoted, taken out of context, or incorrectly paraphrased, etc.), so the intended purpose is not achieved.



Communicates and organizes information from sources. The information is not yet synthesized, so the intended purpose is not fully achieved.



Communicates, organizes and synthesizes information from sources. Intended purpose is achieved.



Communicates, organizes, and synthesizes information from sources to fully achieve a specific purpose, with clarity and depth.

Information literacy: Access and Use Information Ethically and Legally

Student correctly uses one of the following: citations and references; choice of paraphrasing, summary, or quoting; true to context.

Student demonstrates a full understanding of the ethical and legal restrictions.



Student correctly uses two of the following: citations and references; choice of paraphrasing, summary, or quoting; true to context.

Student demonstrates a full understanding of the ethical and legal restrictions.



Student correctly uses three of the following: citations and references; choice of paraphrasing, summary, or quoting; true to context.

Student demonstrates a full understanding of the ethical and legal restrictions.



Student correctly uses all of the following: citations and references; choice of paraphrasing, summary, or quoting; true to context.

Student demonstrates a full understanding of the ethical and legal restrictions.