On the Effects of Urban Areas on Thermally-Driven Circulations in an Idealized Alpine Valley

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Denver, January 10, 2023

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- To understand the physical processes of the interaction between valley winds and cities.

How?

Employing **idealized** simulations with the WRF model, starting from a benchmark **nurban** simulation.

Methodology

Set up - DOMAINS



 $\Delta X_1 = 3 \text{ km}, \Delta X_2 = 1 \text{ km}$

WRF set-up

- 36 hours of simulation starting the 20^{th} of March
- $\Delta z = \text{from 5 m (surface) to 400 m (at 12000 m)}$
- IC: $V_0 = 0$, $U_0 = 0$, stable atmosphere
- <u>NO</u> Coriolis force, microphysics scheme
- Lat= 46° N Lon= 11° E
- $k \varepsilon \theta^2$ PBL scheme (Zonato et al., 2022, soon available in WRF)
- BEP +BEM urban canopy parameterizations
- coupling between BEP+BEM and $k \varepsilon \theta^2$ (Zonato et al., 2022, under review QJRMS)
- 13×5 km cities with 15×15 m buildings

Valley thermal circulation - ASTER project



Urban Heat Island - City position dependence

URBAN HEAT ISLAND (URBAN-NOURBAN) 60 CENTER 7 UP1 UP2 40 6 113 UP3 Temperature Difference (°C) DOWN1 5 DOWN2 20 DOWN3 4 k'n 3 2 -20D2 D3 -400 -60-115 12 18 21 09 00 03 06 09 -20Ó 20 Time km

0 500 1000 1500 m a.s.l. 5 / 11

Correlation UHI/Thermally driven wind



Daytime valley winds



Nighttime valley winds



Tracer timeseries



Along valley tracers dispersion - tracer outside city

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1) A. Zonato, A. Martilli, P. A. Jimenez, J. Dudhia, D. Zardi, and L. Giovannini. A new $k - \varepsilon$ turbulence parameterization for mesoscale meteorological models. Monthly Weather Review, 2022.

2) A. Zonato, A. Martilli, J. L. Santiago, D. Zardi, and L. Giovannini. On a new one-dimensional $k - \varepsilon$ turbulence closure for building-induced drag, Under review at QJRMS.

Acknowledgments and funding: Atmospheric boundary-layer modeling over complex terrain (ASTER) project.